PHYS 211 Homework Assignment Chapter 16

Problem 1 Describe the difference between a transverse and a longitudinal wave. Give examples of each.

Problem 2 A transverse traveling wave on a cord is represented by $D = 0.22 \sin(5.6x + 34t)$, where D and x are measured in meters and t in seconds. Find:

- (a) the wavelength,
- (b) the frequency,
- (c) the velocity,
- (d) the amplitude,
- (e) maximum and minimum speeds of a particle in the cord

Problem 3 A 524 Hz longitudinal wave in air has a speed of 345 m/s.

- (a) What is its wavelength?
- (b) How much time is required for the phase to change by 90° a given point in space?
- (c) At a particular moment in time, what is the phase difference between two points 4.4 cm apart?

Problem 4 Two waves of identical wavelength λ and amplitude A travel along a common string.

- (a) At what phase difference does their superposition create a new wave with amplitude 1.5A?
- (b) If the phase difference is $\pi/2$, what is the new amplitude?
- (c) If the two waves are traveling in opposite directions, what will happen?

Problem 5 A 15 g guitar string is held under a tension of 300 N with a length of about 2 ft. The string is plucked at one end (x = 0 ft) at t = 0 s. 2 ms later, the string is plucked from the other end (x = 2 ft). The two pulses propagate along the string.

- (a) Where do they meet?
- (b) If the tension is doubled, where do they meet?
- (c) If a 30 g string is used at 300 N, where do they meet?